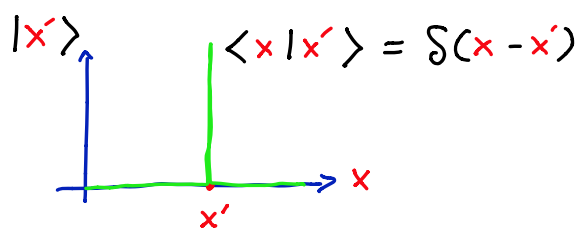


## Eigenstates of $X$ $\{|x\rangle, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$$I = \int dx' |x'\rangle \langle x'|$$

$$|\varphi\rangle = I|\varphi\rangle = \int dx' |x'\rangle \langle x'|\varphi\rangle = \int dx' |x'\rangle \varphi(x')$$



Various operators on  $|x\rangle$ :

$$X|x\rangle = x|x\rangle$$

$$e^{-iaP/\hbar}|x\rangle = |x+a\rangle$$

$$P|x\rangle = ?$$

$$e^{-i\delta P/\hbar}|x\rangle \approx (I - i\delta P/\hbar)|x\rangle = |x\rangle - (i\delta P/\hbar)|x\rangle = |x+\delta\rangle$$

$$P|x\rangle = \lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{i\hbar}{\delta}\right) (|x+\delta\rangle - |x\rangle)$$

$$\langle x|P|x'\rangle = \lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{i\hbar}{\delta}\right) (\langle x|x'+\delta\rangle - \langle x|x'\rangle) = i\hbar \delta'(x-x')$$

Operators on  $\varphi(x)$ :

$$(X\varphi)(x) = \langle x|X|\varphi\rangle = x\langle x|\varphi\rangle = x\varphi(x)$$

$$(P\varphi)(x) = \langle x|P|\varphi\rangle = \int dx' \langle x|P|x'\rangle \langle x'|\varphi\rangle$$

$$\stackrel{\text{assume}}{\uparrow} = i\hbar \int dx' \delta'(x-x') \varphi(x') = -i\hbar \varphi'(x)$$

$\varphi \rightarrow 0$  at

large  $x$ :  $\varphi \in L^2(\mathbb{R})$

$\uparrow$  integrate by parts

Eigenstates of P:  $P|p\rangle = p|p\rangle$  defines  $|p\rangle$

Variation with  $x$ ?  $\langle x|p\rangle \equiv \chi_p(x)$

Differential equation for  $\chi_p(x)$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\langle x|P|p\rangle &= p\chi_p(x) \\ &= \langle p|P|x\rangle^* = \left\{ \int dx' \langle p|x'\rangle \langle x'|P|x\rangle \right\}^* \\ &= -i\hbar \chi_p'(x)\end{aligned}$$

$$-i\hbar \chi_p'(x) = p\chi_p(x) \Rightarrow \chi_p(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} e^{ipx/\hbar}$$

Normalized so that

$$\int dp |p\rangle \langle p| = \mathbb{I}$$

$$\int dx \chi_p^*(x) \chi_{p'}(x) = \delta(p-p')$$

Position representation:  $|\varphi\rangle \rightarrow \varphi(x) \equiv \langle x|\varphi\rangle$

Momentum representation:  $|\varphi\rangle \rightarrow \tilde{\varphi}(p) \equiv \langle p|\varphi\rangle$

change of representation:

$$\tilde{\varphi}(p) = \langle p|\varphi\rangle = \langle p|\int dx |x\rangle \langle x|\varphi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int dx e^{-ipx/\hbar} \varphi(x)$$

$$\text{Inverse: } \varphi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int dp e^{ipx/\hbar} \tilde{\varphi}(p)$$

Operators on  $\tilde{\varphi}(p)$ :  $(P\tilde{\varphi})(p) = \langle p|P|\varphi\rangle = p\tilde{\varphi}(p)$

$$(X\tilde{\varphi})(p) = \langle p|X|\varphi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int dx x e^{-ipx/\hbar} \varphi(x) = i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \tilde{\varphi}(p)$$

Example: Gaussian wave function

$$\varphi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{\pi}\sqrt{\sigma}} e^{-x^2/2\sigma^2} \quad \text{Normalized so that } \int dx |\varphi(x)|^2 = 1$$

Properties:  $\langle X \rangle_{\varphi} = 0$      $\langle X^2 \rangle_{\varphi} = \int dx x^2 |\varphi(x)|^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{2}$

$\langle P \rangle_{\varphi} = 0$      $\langle P^2 \rangle_{\varphi} = \int dx (-i\hbar)^2 \varphi \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \varphi = \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \hbar^2$

$$\tilde{\varphi}(p) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int dx e^{-ipx/\hbar} \varphi(x) = \frac{\sqrt{\sigma}}{\sqrt[4]{\pi}\sqrt{\hbar}} e^{-p^2\sigma^2/2\hbar^2}$$

