

Sommerfeld Expansion

Recall: Fermi-Dirac occupation $f_{T\mu}(E) = (e^{\beta(E-\mu)} + 1)^{-1}$

$$N = \int_0^{\infty} dE D(E) f_{T\mu}(E)$$

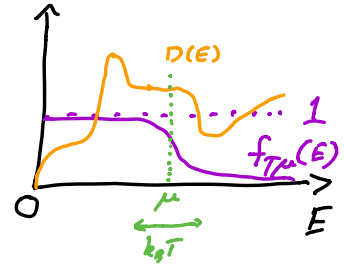
$$U = \int_0^{\infty} dE E D(E) f_{T\mu}(E)$$

} both of form $I \equiv \int_0^{\infty} dE \phi(E) f_{T\mu}(E)$ *smooth*

Recall: $\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{1/x+1} = 1 \Rightarrow (e^{\beta(E-\mu)} + 1)^{-1} = 1 - (e^{-\beta(E-\mu)} + 1)^{-1}$ *

note: $f_{T\mu}(E) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 & (E < \mu) \\ 0 & (\mu < E) \end{cases}$ as $T \rightarrow 0$

break $\int_0^{\infty} dE = \int_0^{\mu} dE + \int_{\mu}^{\infty} dE$ (apply * for $E < \mu$)



$$I = \int_0^{\mu} dE \phi(E) \{1 - (e^{-\beta(E-\mu)} + 1)^{-1}\} + \int_{\mu}^{\infty} dE \phi(E) (e^{\beta(E-\mu)} + 1)^{-1}$$

$$= \int_0^{\mu} dE \phi(E) - \frac{1}{\beta} \int_0^{\beta\mu} dz \phi(\mu - z/\beta) (e^z + 1)^{-1} + \frac{1}{\beta} \int_0^{\infty} dz \phi(\mu + z/\beta) (e^z + 1)^{-1}$$

$\uparrow z = -\beta(E-\mu)$ $\uparrow z = \beta(E-\mu)$

$$= \int_0^{\mu} dE \phi(E) + k_B T \int_0^{\infty} dz \{ \phi(\mu + k_B T z) - \phi(\mu - k_B T z) \}$$

\leftarrow even terms cancel

Taylor expansion: $\phi(\mu \pm k_B T z) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\pm 1)^j}{j!} \phi^{(j)}(\mu) (k_B T z)^j$

$$I = \int_0^{\mu} dE \phi(E) + 2 \sum_{j \text{ odd}} \frac{1}{j!} \phi^{(j)}(\mu) (k_B T)^{j+1} \int_0^{\infty} dz z^j (e^z + 1)^{-1}$$

$\int_0^{\infty} dz z^j (e^z + 1)^{-1} = j! (1 - 2^{-j}) \zeta(j+1)$

$\zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$
 $\zeta(4) = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$

$$\therefore I = \int_0^{\mu} dE \phi(E) + \frac{\pi^2}{6} \phi'(\mu) (k_B T)^2 + \frac{7\pi^4}{360} \phi'''(\mu) (k_B T)^4$$